

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

## Ecology Study Guide

1. Energy in an ecosystem is captured by producers during the process of photosynthesis. Explain what **percent of energy** is transferred from one trophic level to another and the three ways the energy is lost and/or used within the trophic level.
2. List and define the **five levels of organization** in Ecology.
3. Explain the role of a **producer** and a **decomposer**, and how they cycle **biotic** and **abiotic** matter through the ecosystem.
4. A habitat is where an organism lives, the niche is the job that it performs; explain what happens when a **non-native species** is introduced into an environment where a **native** species already occupies the **niche**.
5. What is **symbiosis**, and what are the three different types of symbiosis.

6. What group of organisms is responsible for running the **nitrogen cycle**?
7. How is **carbon** stored in the **biosphere**?
8. What are the two main human activities that disrupt the **carbon cycle**?
9. Explain how **carbon** is cycled between **photosynthesis** and **cellular respiration**.
10. What is the **greenhouse effect**, and how is the burning of fossil fuels affecting related to this concept?
11. Differentiate between **primary** and **secondary succession**.

12. List the main distinguishing characteristic of the following biomes: **tundra, tropical rainforest, temperate deciduous forest**

13. Define the following terms; **birth rate, death rate, immigration, emigration, carrying capacity, exponential growth**

14. Differentiate between a **density-dependent factor** and a **density-independent factor**.

15. What is **biological magnification** and how is **DDT** related to this concept?

16. What is **climate** and what characteristic of the earth forms the different climate zones.
17. Explain how **urbanization** affects the **water cycle**.
18. What is the **pH** of **normal rainfall**?
19. Draw a simple **food chain** and label each **trophic level**.
20. What is the difference between **renewable** and **nonrenewable resources**? Give examples of each.