CORNELL NOTES

Directions: You must create a minimum of **5 questions** in this column per page (average). Use these to study your notes and prepare for tests and quizzes. Notes will be stamped after each assigned sections (if completed) and turned in to your teacher at the end of the Unit for scoring.

UNIT 1: INTRODUCING BIOLOGY Chapter 1: Biology in the 21st Century

I. The Study of Life (1.1)

A. Earth is h	ome to an incredible	of life
	e includes all living th e places they are found.	ings and
	ery part of the biosphere is other part.	with
3. The	e biosphere includes many	
	a. Land environments	
	b and env	vironments
	c. Portions of the	
4. Bio	odiversity is the variety of life	
	a. Generally from the	to
	the	
	b. <u>Greater</u> in areas with consistently temperatures.	
5. A _	is one particular type of	iving thing.
	a. Members of a species can	and
	b. Estimated to be about million d living species.	ifferent
B. All organi	sms <u>share</u> certain	
1	is the scientific study of all for	rms of life.
2. An	is any individual livin	g thing.
	a. All are made of one or more	
	b. All need for metabolism	n
	c. All to their environn	nent
	d. All have that they pass on to	offspring.

II Unificing Thomas of Diology (1	2)	
II. Unifying Themes of Biology (1	,	
A. All levels of life have	of rel	ated parts
1. A system is an <u>c</u>	organized group of	parts.
a. A cell is a	a system of	and
b. A body s	ystem includes	that interact.
c. An ecosy	stem includes	and
	things that in	teract.
2. Biologists study	many different system	IS
B. Structure and function	n are related in biolog	у
1. Structure	fur	nction
a. Proteins different fund	with different structure ctions.	es perform
	scle cells have a differ n stomach muscle ce	
	species have different ith different functions.	
C. Organisms must mainta diverse environments.	ain	to survive in
1. Homeostasis is internal condition	the s.	of constant
a. Homeost	asis is usually <u>mainta</u>	<u>ined</u> through
VISUAL VOCAB		
Thermoregulation maintains a stable body temperature under a variety of conditions, just as a thermostat regulates a furnace. Both mechanisms use feedback to keep temperatures within set ranges.	b. Negative fe systems retur to its	n a condition
Control messages THERMOSTAT FURNACE to control target		

	2. Behaviors and homeostasis.	_ can help maintain
D	explains the unity a	nd diversity of life
	1. Evolution is the <u>in livin</u>	g things over
	a. The genetic makeup of a species	population of a
	b. Evolution can occur throug of adaptations.	gh
	c. Adaptations are	
	2. Evolution accounts for both the unity of life.	and
III. Scientific	Thinking and Processes (1.3)	
A. Lik	e all science, biology is a process of	
	1. Scientists make careful and syste	matic
	2. Scientists record observations as	
	3. Scientists form a answer to a question	as a possible
	4. Scientists their hypothe data.	eses and analyze their
	OBSERVING	
	EVALUATING RESULTS	FORMING HYPOTHESES
		1
		G HYPOTHESES
B. Bio	ologists use to	test hypotheses
	1. Observational studies allow scien	tists to describe a

	2. Experiments allow scien	itists to dete	rmine what		
	a phenomenon				
	a	_variables a	are <u>manipulated</u>		
	b and <u>measured</u> .	_variables a	are <u>observed</u>		
	independen affect dependen	5			
	c variables) are <u>conditi</u>				
C. A	explains a				
-	1. Theories explain a wide r experimental results.				
	2. A theory is scientific evidence .	by	a wide range of		
	3. Theories can	based o	n evidence		
IV. Imaging	technologies provide new vie	ews of life (1	.4)		
A. A _	provides e	enlarged ima	ige of an object.		
	1. Light microscope				
	2. Scanning electron microscopes (SEM)				
	3. Transmission electron microscope (TEM)				
B. Im	aging technology is used in	medicine			
	1. X-ray images				
	2. Magnetic resonance im	aging (MR)			
	3. Functional MRI (fMRI)				
C. Co	mplex systems are		on <u>computers</u>		

 Computer models are used to study systems that be studied directly
a. Heart attacks
b. Effect of medicines on the human body
c. Movement of water molecules into and out of a cell
d. Spread of a diseases through a population
2. Computer models are used when experiments are not
,, or
D. The tools of molecular genetics five rise to new biological studies.
1. A is segment of DNA that stores genetic information
2. Through our understanding DNA, we can study genetics on a molecular level
a. molecular genetics
b. Genomics
V. Your health and the health of the environment depend on your
of biology (1.5)
A. Knowledge of biology helps you understand your
1. Food allergies
2. Potential effects of obesity
3.cancer
4. Effects of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
B. Knowledge of biology can help you understand environmental issues.
1. Interactions in
2. Pollution
3. Biodiversity

	1. Biotechnology is the and living things and biological processes.	C
	a. DNA testing in medicine and forensics	
	b. Transgenic (genetically modified) crops	
	c. Transgenic bacteria	
	2. Questions are raised about the use of biotechne	ology
	a. Safety ofn crops	nodifie
	b. Spread of undesirable genes	
	c. Decrease in	
	d. Ethical considerations	
D. Bio	logy presents many unanswered questions	
	1. Over the past 50 years, biological knowledge has greatly increased.	as
	2. Advances in may help and questions.	swer