$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Period $\qquad$

## Physics Fall Final Review <br> CONCEPTUAL PHYSICS

Directions: Answer the following questions based on in-class notes, worksheets, and your Physics book.

## Equations:

Velocity: $v=\frac{d}{t} \quad$ rearrange and get $\quad d=v \cdot t \quad$ or $\quad t=\frac{d}{v}$
acceleration: t

$$
\bar{a}=\frac{\Delta \nu}{\Delta t}
$$

Misc. motions equations: $\quad v=v_{0}+a t$

Free Fall equations: $v=v_{0}+g t$

$$
t=\sqrt{\frac{2 d}{g}} \quad d=\frac{1}{2} g t^{2}
$$

Newton' second law: $F=m \cdot a \quad$ rearrange and get $\quad a=\frac{F}{m} \quad$ or $\quad m=\frac{F}{a}$ Momentum: $p=m \cdot v \quad v=\frac{p}{m} \quad m=\frac{p}{v} \quad p_{b e f o r e}=p_{a f t e r}$

## QUESTIONS:

1. Give the units for the following quantities and tell me whether they are a vector or scalar quantity.

| Quantity | Units | Vector or Scalar |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Distance |  |  |
| Speed |  |  |
| Time |  |  |
| Velocity |  |  |
| Mass |  |  |
| Acceleration |  |  |
| Force |  |  |

2. What two things does a vector tell us?
3. What one thing does a scalar quantity tell us?
4. What is the difference between speed and velocity?
5. Give me a situation when an object can have constant speed but not constant velocity.
6. What is a force?
7. What is net force?
8. Diagram the following on the diagram to the right:
a. Force of gravity
b. Support or Normal Force
c. What is the net force?

9. The force of gravity is also known as $\qquad$
10. Calculate the resultant vector for the following vectors (draw a diagram of each)
a. 300 Newtons down and 100 Newtons up
b. $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ Newtons pushing a crate with 50 Newtons of friction.
c. An airplanes groundspeed when is it flying at $\mathbf{6 0 0} \mathbf{~ k m} / \mathbf{h r}$ with a $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ k m} / \mathbf{h r}$ headwind.
d. An airplanes groundspeed when is it flying at $550 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ with a $75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ tailwind.
11. What is friction? Which way does it always act in relation to the motion of an object? (draw a diagram and label)
12. What is Newton's First Law of Motion?
13. What is the difference between mass and weight?
14. What is the difference between average speed and instantaneous speed?
15. What is the definition of acceleration?
16. What is the value of the acceleration of gravity (g) on Earth?
17. What is free fall?
18. If you throw an object straight up and it takes 2.5 seconds to return to you, how long did it take to get to the top? (Hint: Same from the top of its path back down to you)
19. If you throw a rock straight up at $7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, what will its speed be when you catch it again?
20. What is a projectile?
21. Label and diagram below showing the terms and values: range, minimum vertical velocity, maximum vertical velocity, trajectory

22. What force causes a projectile to fall short of its idealized path?
23. What is Newton's Second Law? Show the equation that summarizes the law.
24. What is meant by directly proportional?
25. What is meant by inversely proportional?
26. How is acceleration and Force related? How about acceleration and mass?
27. What is required to accelerate an object?
28. What is terminal velocity or speed?
29. What is the net force acting on an object that has reached terminal velocity? (draw a diagram and label)
30. What is the acceleration of an object that has reached terminal velocity?
31. What is Newton's Third Law?
32. Label action force and reaction force in the diagram to the right.

33. How can you compare the two forces in the diagram to the right? How about the acceleration of the gun compared to the bullet? Use $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{ma}$ to explain
a. Forces-
b. Accelerations-


Word Problems: Show all of your work. Remember.

1. Show what you are given and what you are trying to solve for
2. Show equation by itself
3. Show your work
4. Give answer with correct units
5. A car travels at a constant speed of $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for 10 seconds. How far did it go?
6. How much time will it take to walk 400 meters at a constant speed of $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ?
7. You drop an object off the top of a 30 meter tall building. It falls freely and hits the ground 4 seconds later. What is the average speed of the object as it fell?
8. You drop a rock off the top of a tall cliff. How fast is it traveling 3.5 seconds later?
9. You drop a 4.0 kg rock from a height of 25.0 meters above the ground. How long will it take to hit the ground?
10. According to the figure below, what is the acceleration of the block?

11. A net force of 80 Newtons is used to push a car about 25 meters. The car's acceleration is 1.0 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. What is the mass of the car?
12. You kick a 0.4 kg stationary ball with a force of 10 Newtons. What is the force on your foot?
13. If you have a weight of -1000 Newtons, and are standing on the ground. What is the force that the Earth is pushing back up on you? What is the net force?

Support force =

Net force $=$
10. A 6.5 kg object is moving with a velocity of $5.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. What is its momentum?
11. What is the speed of a 23 kg rock with a momentum of $46 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ?
12. What is the mass of an object that is traveling at $2.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ with a momentum of $250 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ?
13. When these two freight cars of different mass collide and couple, what will be their resultant velocity?



